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## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

### Identification of aquatic consumer trophic pathways in four volcanic tropical lakes using fatty acid biomarkers

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**Supplementary Table 1.** Relative fatty acid compositions of surface and near bottom particulate organic matter (POM), zooplankton, and fish samples from Lakes Yambo (Y), Pandin (P), Calibato (C), and Taal north (T<sub>n</sub>) and south (T<sub>s</sub>) basins.

Fatty acid	Surface POM					Near bottom POM					Zooplankton					<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>		<i>Sardinella tawilis</i>	<i>Ambassis</i> sp.	<i>Leiopotherapon plumbeus</i>
	Y	P	C	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	Y	P	C	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	Y	P	C*	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	C	T <sub>s</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> (n = 4)	T <sub>s</sub>	C
14 : 0	5.24	6.72	5.57	8.97	8.30	7.05	3.52	4.37	4.05	4.00	4.86	5.59	2.64	4.58	4.29	1.35	4.78	5.73	3.49	4.51
																		(0.18)		
14 : 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
i-15:0	1.40	1.28	4.11	1.53	1.51	1.94	8.51	4.35	0.95	0.70	0.75	0.75	3.83	0.94	1.23	0.34	0.31	1.42	0.61	0.90
																		(0.07)		
a-15:0	1.03	0.60	2.37	0.65	0.42	2.64	9.32	1.86	1.41	1.04	–	–	–	0.38	0.27	–	–	0.42	–	0.21
																		(0.02)		
15 : 0	1.07	0.83	0.97	1.00	0.79	2.90	0.90	1.25	1.57	1.01	0.68	1.16	–	1.50	1.35	0.59	0.75	1.38	0.75	1.06
																		(0.07)		
i-16:0	0.41	0.27	0.58	–	–	1.14	2.15	1.09	–	–	0.15	0.31	–	–	–	0.14	–	–	–	0.28
15 : 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
2-OH 12:0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
16 : 0	37.03	45.09	36.25	40.51	44.60	39.51	28.63	35.11	50.75	48.75	24.19	34.47	37.35	28.78	25.55	28.03	40.97	41.83	32.49	32.75
																		(1.11)		
10Me16:0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
16:1n7t	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
16:1n5t	0.14	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1.58	–	0.11	0.10	–	–	–	–	–







Fatty acid	Surface POM					Near bottom POM					Zooplankton					<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>		<i>Sardinella tawilis</i>	<i>Ambassis</i> sp.	<i>Leiopotherapon plumbeus</i>	
	Y	P	C	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	Y	P	C	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	Y	P	C*	T <sub>n</sub>	T <sub>s</sub>	C	T <sub>s</sub>	T <sub>s</sub> (n = 4)	T <sub>s</sub>	C	
22:4 $\omega$ 6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
22:3 $\omega$ 3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
24:0	1.31	1.14	1.66	1.00	0.74	1.41	–	2.03	1.16	0.96	0.42	–	–	0.72	0.51	0.45	–	0.70	0.48	–	
																		(0.08)			
24:1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
25:0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.07
22 : 5 $\omega$ 3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0.60	0.52	–	0.33	0.48	5.89	0.49	–	2.14	0.32	
22 : 6 $\omega$ 3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	9.22	8.57	3.03	1.30	2.64	15.29	3.51	1.28	7.68	1.92	
																		(0.33)			
26:0	0.57	0.61	0.72	0.63	0.39	–	–	–	0.53	0.65	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
27:0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
28:0	0.50	–	0.88	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0				

\*Small sample size, mean % and standard deviation in parentheses, and dashes (–) represent below detection limit.